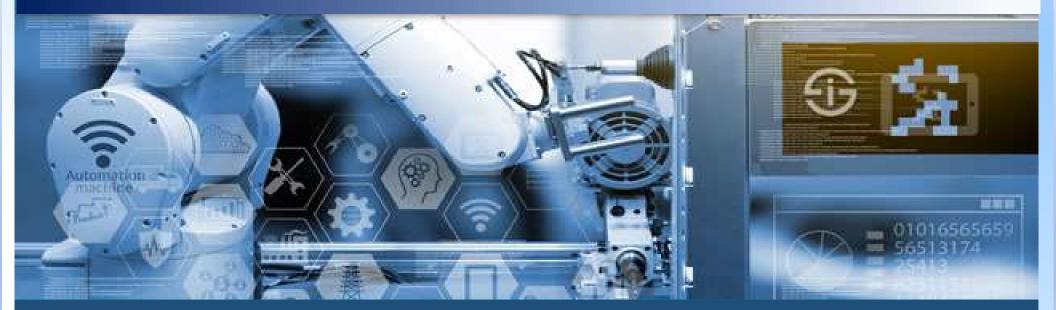
## Mr. JONAS JEYARAJ ANTHONY Dr. NARENDRA KUMAR

# MAN® MACHINE CONVERGENCE

## The Industrial Internet of Things (IoT): Towards the Future of Digital Manufacturing



## **INDUSTRY 4.0 – THE FOURTH INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION**



Shaping the future of manufacturing

## Agenda

- 1) Sharing on Industry 4.0
- 2) Why digital manufacturing is important?
- 3) Panasonic Group Malaysia and Business Direction
- 4) IND4.0 Project with University of Malaya
- 5) University-Industry Collaboration Strategy (University of Malaya and Panasonic)



## **DISRUPTIVE TECHNOLOGIES**



IBM Watson

**edu**tech

Autonomous Vehicles Exponential growth in disruptive technologies

dTech

Grai

airbnb

SmartCity

NETFLIX

DELIVERY DELIVERY DELIVERY

- New technology that will disrupt existing technology rendering it obsolete.
- It will force companies to change or risk losing market share and becoming irrelevant.

FINTECH

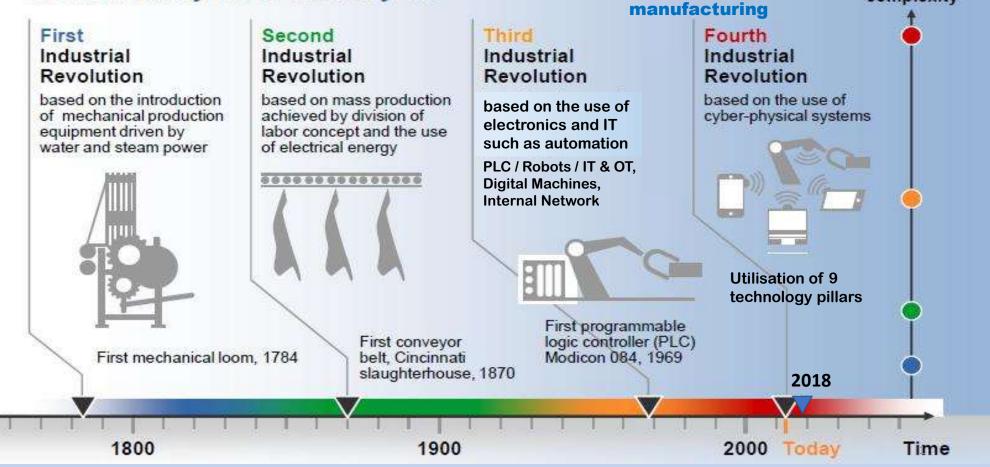
- Drastic change ranging from the design and manufacturing of goods.
- Manufacturing agility is key to meet customer needs and business ability to align delivery of a product virtually on demand.
- Be ready for networked cyber physical systems manufacturing with horizontal and vertical integration.
- It facilitates fundamental KPI improvements factory wide.
- Leveraging on IND 4.0 technologies.

## **Towards the fourth industrial revolution**

**Originated in** 

**Germany to digitize** 

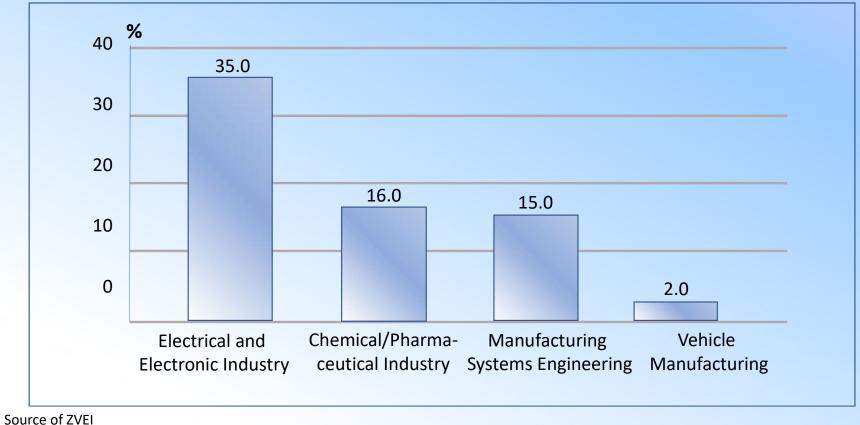
#### From Industry 1.0 to Industry 4.0



Degree of

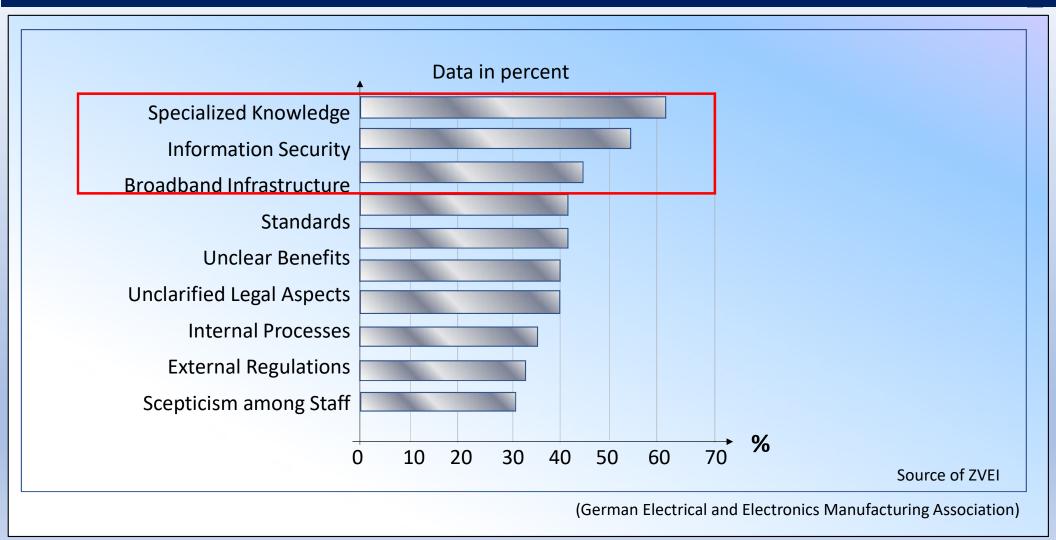
complexity

## **Initiations Towards Industry 4.0 in Germany**



(German Electrical and Electronics Manufacturing Association)

## Study in Germany – Barrier of Industry 4.0



#### **Industry 4.0 Global Key Figures** 6 IoT device installation Mfg. IoT investment • 2020E - \$ 70B 2020E - \$1B 2018E - \$47B 2018E - \$ 580M **Estimated Annual Manufacturing IoT Estimated Manufacturing IoT Device** Investment **Installed Base** 1,000 Global \$70 Global 800 \$57 Devices (Millions) \$47 USD (Billions) 600 \$39 \$34 \$29 400 200 2015E 2016E 2017E 2018E 2019E 2020E 2015E 2016E 2017E 2019E 2020E 2018E Source of General Electric

## Why Digital Manufacturing ?

- 1) Governments and private sectors (MNCs & SMEs) highly motivated towards digital economy.
- 2) IND 4.0 is powered by (nine industrial technologies) to transform traditional manufacturing to improve critical KPIs.
- 3) Replace hierarchical structure of shop floor with open, flatter fully interconnected model that links all the functions of a manufacturing operation.
- 4) Deploy employees to extend personalized and expert support to customers.

## Why Digital Manufacturing ?

- Enables data (internal and external) to be linked to the factory centralized control systems to achieve self healing and self learning (closed loop system).
- It is a sophisticated technology for predictive manufacturing, proactive action can be taken speedily to mitigate losses and improve process capability.
- Excellent technology mitigate impact of international business and adapt to ever changing global business landscape (tax/tariffs, economic sanctions, shipping routes, high operation cost and political instability).

## Why Digital Manufacturing ?

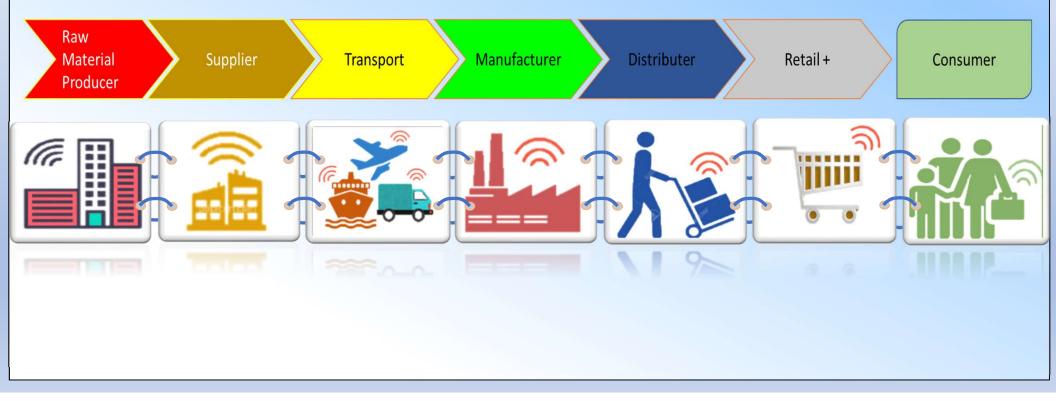
- 8) Manufacturers have to be fast and flexible enough to configure and reconfigure shop floor. (Big data sharing across company boundaries and global sites)
- 9) The SMEs who partner with Smart manufacturing MNCs will have to be also upgraded to be IND 4.0 capable.
- 10) IND 4.0 will force skill workers to be scaled up and unskilled workers (foreign workers) to be scaled down. In addition, reform our education system to implement education 4.0 to churn out technology workers for big data analytics, coding, cybersecurity, network design, programmers

etc.

Agility is the new business currency

## **Customer Centric Supply Chain**

A **digitally-integrated and intelligent supply chain** enables an unprecedented level of collaboration and real-time visibility across the supply chain to help address rising customer expectations



# What should industry players consider as they transform traditional manufacturing to digital manufacturing ?

- 1) Manufacturers need to partner with Industrial IoT platform vendors and system integrators that provide solution to upgrade or build new systems.
- 2) Manufacturer should work closely with experience integrators, developers and technology who have already fully implemented and exhibited excellence in security and monetizing smart manufacturing.
- 3) Manufacturing plant must be designed with cyber security in mind.
- 4) Consider action for successful software monetization, licensing and IT protection is important.

## **Concepts, Definitions and Models of Industry 4.0**

DRIVING MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF THE **FUTURE** 



## **Brief Concept Industry 4.0**

- Industry 4.0 is digitization of the manufacturing sector, with embedded sensors virtually in product components and manufacturing equipment, cyber-physical system and analysis of all relevant data.
- Need of data, computational power and connectivity.
- Analytics and intelligence, and humanmachine interaction are essential.
- Digital-to-physical conversion i.e. advanced robotics and 3D printing, augmented reality.





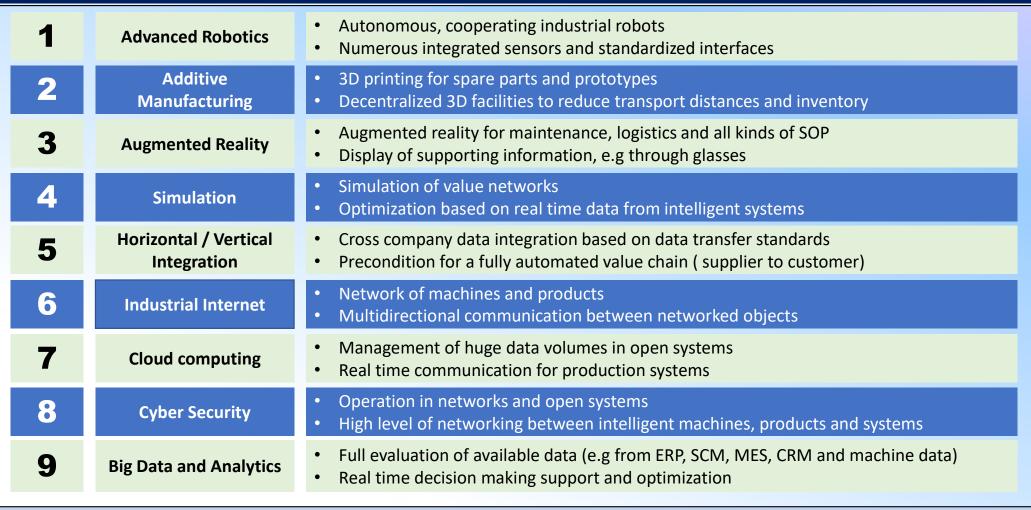
## The ingredients for Industry 4.0

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• The **impact of Industry 4.0 will not be immediate**, but with its forecast growth on the rise, more companies will be looking to invest in Industry 4.0

| Instrumented   | Interconnected  | Inclusive   | Intelligent   |
|--|---|---|---|
| Data<br>Devices contain sensors,<br>actuators and software<br>that generate data | Connectivity<br>An information network<br>connects devices<br>together; gathers and<br>processes the data either<br>at the edge of the<br>network or centrally -<br>selectively | <b>Context</b><br>Industry knowledge, data<br>external to the network<br>adds context to the data | Decision making<br>Machine learning,<br>predictive analytics and<br>cognitive computing<br>makes sense of the data;<br>decentralized decision<br>making, move towards<br>autonomous |

# Industry 4.0 - The convergence and application of nine digital industrial technologies



## **Digitization of Manufacturing Sector**



#### Data, computational power, and connectivity



Analytics and intelligence





**Digital-to-physical conversion** 

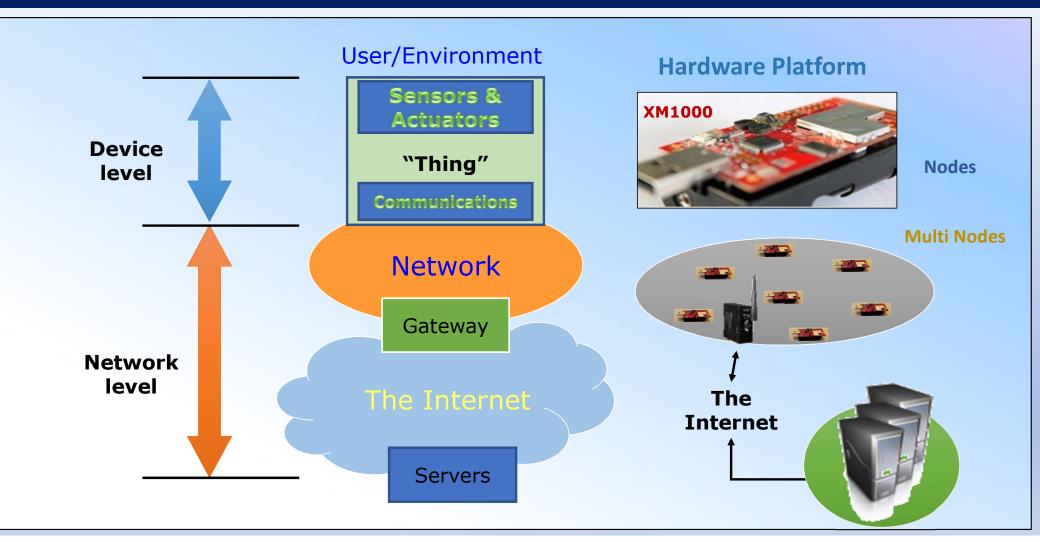
**Big data/open data** Significantly reduced costs of computation, storage, and sensors **Internet of Things/M2M** Reduced cost of small-scale hardware and connectivity (e.g., Through LPWA networks) **Cloud technology** Centralization of data and virtualization of storage

Digitization and automation of knowledge work Breakthrough advances in artificial intelligence and machine learning Advanced analytics Improved algorithms and largely improved availability of data

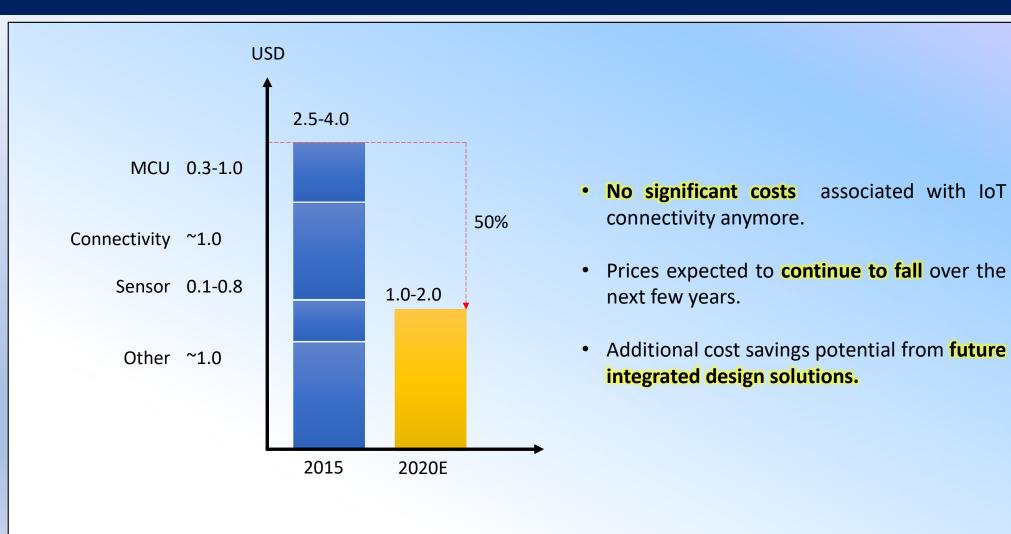
Touch interfaces and next level GUIs Quick proliferation via consumer devices Virtual and augmented reality Breakthrough of optical head-mounted displays (e.g., Google Glass)

Additive manufacturing (i.e., 3D printing) Expanding range of materials, rapidly declining prices for printers, increased precision/quality Advanced robotics (e.g., human-robot collaboration) Advances in artificial intelligence, machine vision, M2M communication, and cheaper actuators Energy storage and harvesting Increasingly cost-effective options for storing energy and innovative ways of harvesting energy

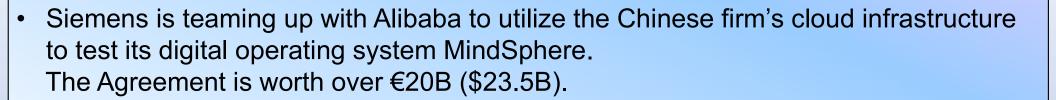
## **Overview of IoT Hardware Platform**



## The Cost of IoT Nodes



## Siemens and AliBaba Strategic Partnership



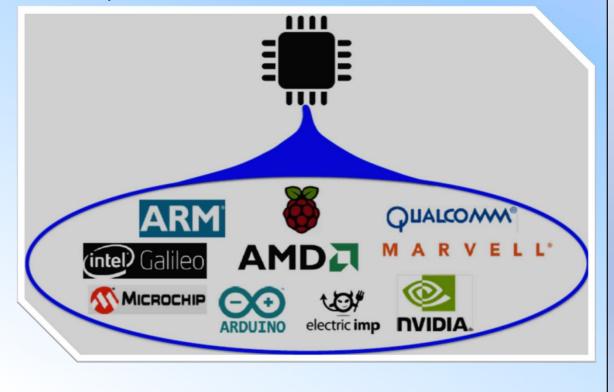
- The two companies will leverage each other's technology and industry resources to build a unique IoT solution to support Industry 4.0.
- Siemens chief Executive Joe Kaeser stated : "This cooperation is a landmark deal for bringing Industry solution to China as the world's powerhouse of manufacturing". "Our customers will be able to unlock the potential of the Industrial Internet of Thing with MindSphere now also on the Chinese cloud platform".
- This collaboration will see creation of dozens of IoT products for China manufacturing Industry.



## **Example of Industrial IoT Platform**

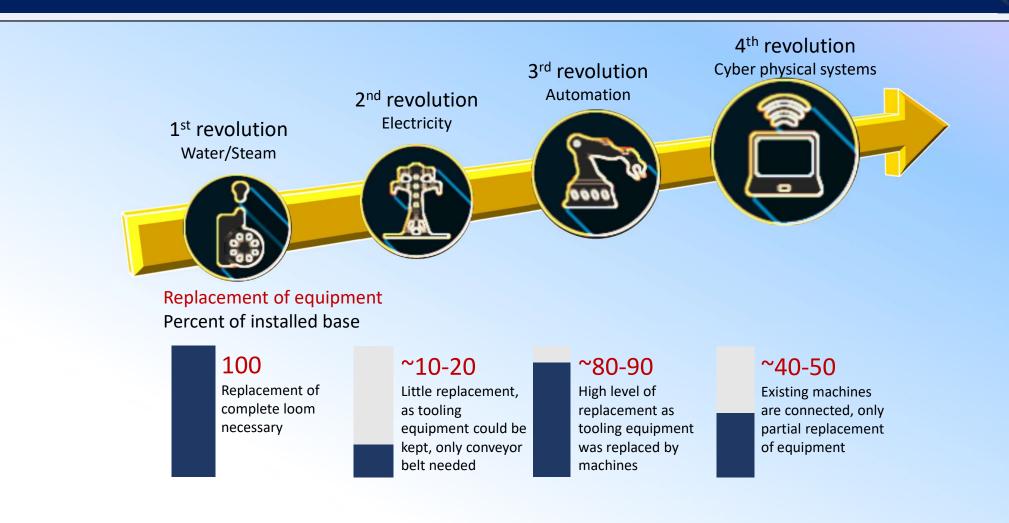


- Many Platforms / chipsets to choose from.
- Integrated SDKs to speed development, testing and optimization.



- Datonis
- Predix
- Bosch IoT Suite 2.0
- IBM Watson IoT
- The Intel IoT Platform
- AWS IoT

## The Replacement of Manufacturing Assets



## Practical Case Study: Manufacturing Analytics 22 for Cost Productivity

#### **Reduce test time and calibration**

- Prediction of test results
- Prediction of calibration parameters

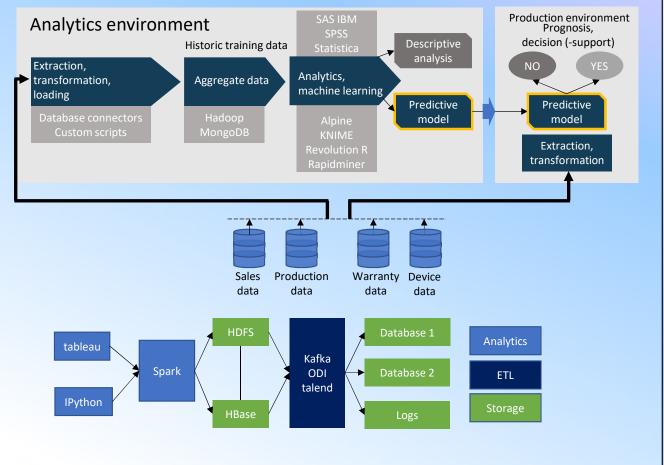
#### **Reduce warranty cost**

Prediction of field failures from

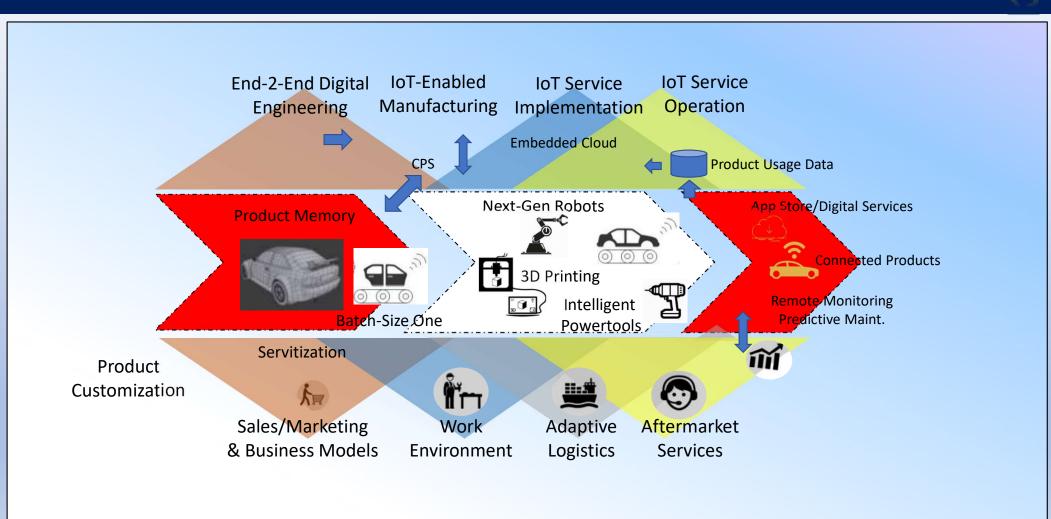
- Test and process data
- Cross-value stream analysis

#### Perform predictive maintenance

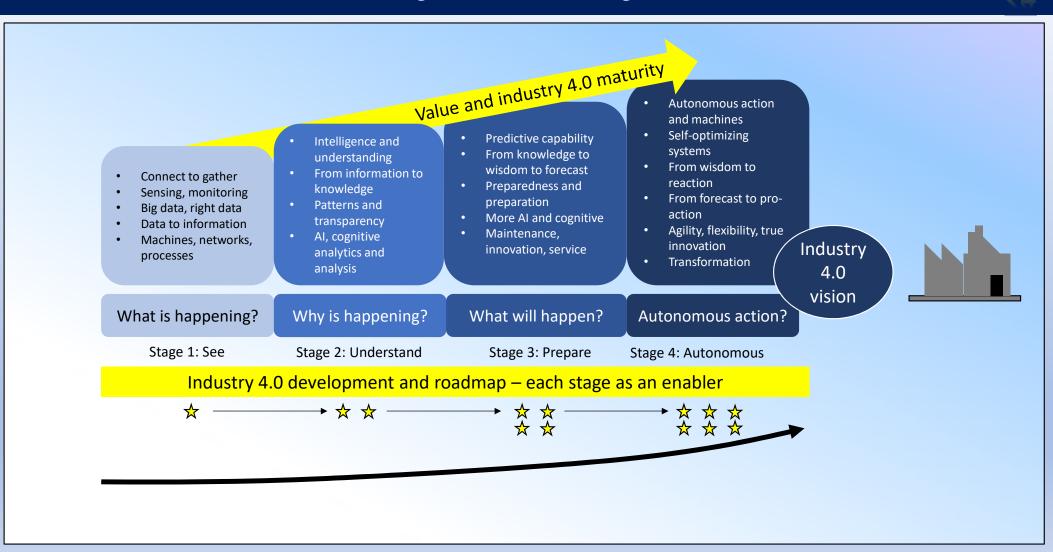
- Identify top failure causes
- Predict component failures to avoid unscheduled machine downtimes
- Data analytical processing with artificial intelligence to reduce time, warranty cost and predictive maintenance
- Data processing, machine learning and visualization platform is developed



## **Realistic Value Chain**



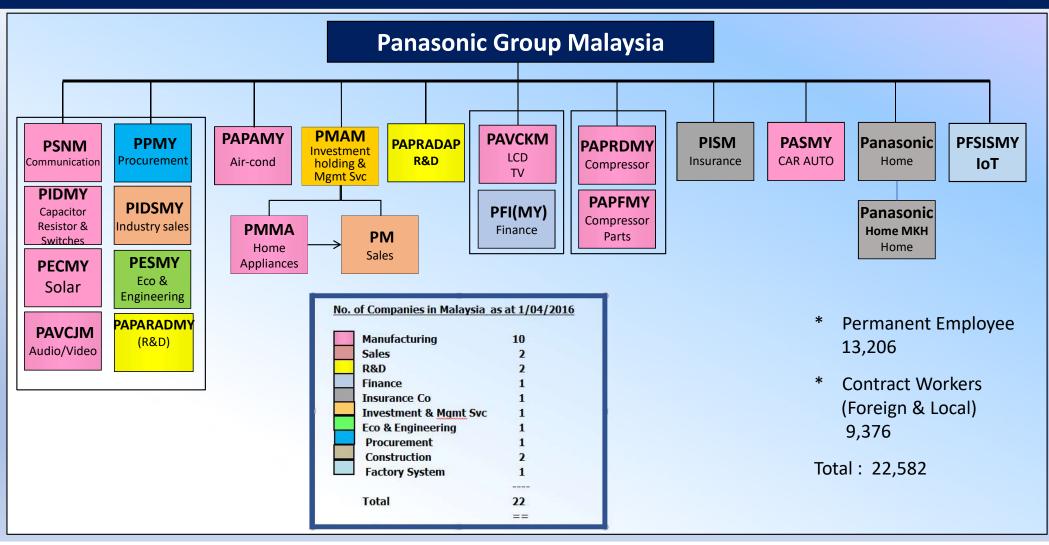
## **Industry 4.0 Maturity Model**



## **Panasonic Group Malaysia**



## **Panasonic** Corporate Structure in Malaysia



## **Panasonic Malaysia Products**



## Panasonic Malaysia Products





## **Panasonic Malaysia Products**



## Panasonic Group's Next Phase of Growth in Malaysia Evolution from manufacturing to high value-added activities

Growing to focus on high value-added activities

- IT driven manufacturing
- Automation
- Optical inspection
- PLC

- Product innovation
- Transformation of manufacturing process robotic, IoT and automation

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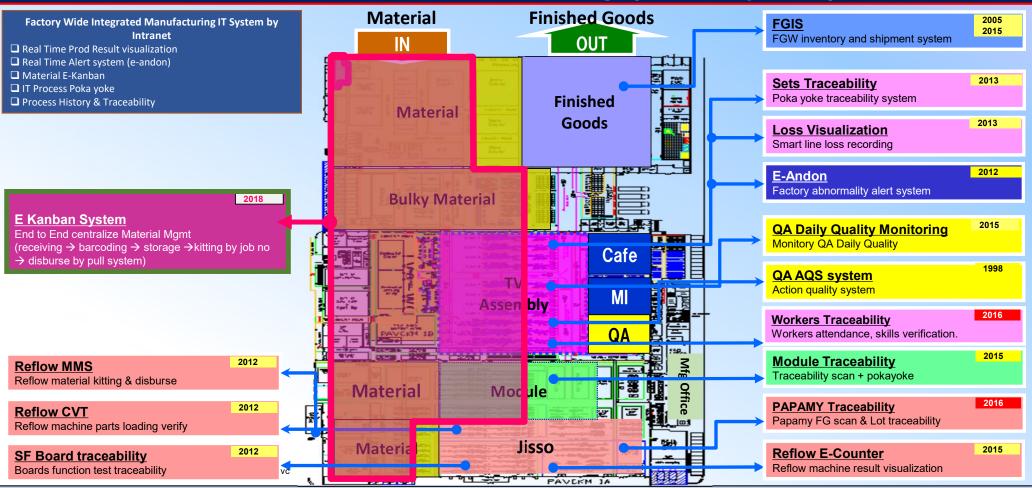
- Customization
- Regional hub activities
- Pull production
- Low FG Inventory
- Collaboration with University Malaya

## Manufacturing / Trading

- Assembly Lines
- Labour Intensive
- Mass Production
- Push Production
- High FG Inventory

## Panasonic Factory IT System Map

## **IT Driven Manufacturing (15 Projects)**



## **Benefits to Panasonic**

## Next era of growth

 Moving up the value chain
Transforming from manufacturing to high value-added services

## Growing Malaysian Talent pool

- Upskill local employees
- Transfer of know-how and technology to Malaysia

## Reduces foreign workers

 Reduce dependence on foreign labour

## Multiplier effect to the economy

- Local sourcing (purchase of assets, installation, repairs & maintenance)
- Close collaboration/ sharing of knowledge & experience with local vendors / SMEs
- Enhancement in human capital investment and job opportunities for technology workers.

#### Increase sales

• Increase export sales



## **Biodata**

#### NARENDRA KUMAR

- Asc. Professor of University of Malaya
- Leading innovation Center Industry 4.0 @ University of Malaya
- Doctorate degree from RWTH Technical University Aachen, Germany
- 15 years of industrial experience as wireless product and testing
- Assigned several IPs (7patents) to US Patent Office
- Visiting Researcher of RWTH Aachen University, Germany
- IEEE Industrial Relation Team of R10 (Asia Pacific)
- Fellow of IET, UK and Senior Member of IEEE, USA •
- Published almost 100 journals/conference
- Published 3 technical books published in USA
- Consultant of Steerix GmbH, Germany
- Research Area: Wireless Technology, Sensor and IoT Integration

## EMAIL: narendra.k@um.edu.my TEL: 012 691 8684



## **Digital Transformation Collaboration Team (UM-Panasonic)**



- One of leading university in Europe
- Leading Industry 4.0 in Germany



Dr. Helmut Dinger – RWTH Aachen University, Germany



 Authorized knowledge transfer partner for ASEAN



Dr.-Ing. Lutz Konstroffer – Steerix GmbH, Germany



- Leading engineering university in Malaysia
- Setup Innovation Center of Industry 4.0 @ UM



Dr.-Ing. Narendra Kumar – University of Malaya & RWTH Aachen University



Authorized knowledge transfer partner for ASEAN



Mr. Jonas Jeyaraj -Manufacturing Chief Director, Panasonic

- Dr.-Ing. Narendra Kumar is leading Innovation Center of Industry 4.0 @University of Malaya
- Mr. Jonas Jeyaraj is leading Industry 4.0 in Panasonic Group
- Industrial-university collaboration model (reference to existing German model)
- To develop platform of digital transformation with actual industrial use case applications

## **RWTH and Steerix – Technology Partner in Industry 4.0**



- One of leading engineering university in Europe
- Leading Institute of Industrie 4.0 in Germany
- Contributions of 10 Professors from 6 Research Institutes in Industrie 4.0 (WZL, IMA, ZLW, IFU, IFR, etc)
- Research budget of ~150 Million Euro (funding from industries)
- More than 200 Researchers/Scientist/Engineers

- Affordable electric vehicles developed by RWTH Industry 4.0 Institute for German market (now spinoff company driving the German market **e.GO**)
- The development and manufacturing with Industry 4.0 strategy for cost efficient
- The knowledge gained from this, professional educational is developed for German companies
- Steerix is technology provider to ASEAN

## **University-Industrial Collaboration in Germany**

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#### RWTH is contributors to IMPULS – Ind4.0 Readiness, Ind4.0 Platform Blueprint and Govt. initiative in Germany



